

THE MARION DAILY STAR.

VOL XIII NO 224.

MARION, OHIO, FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1890.

PRICE 3 CENTS.

Celman's Resignation

Full Account of How it Was Acted On.

THE DEBATE IN THE CHAMBER.

Great Demonstrations of Joy Over the Late President's Retirement—Some Speculation Upon the New Cabinet and How it Will Likely Be Composed.



JUAREZ CELMAN, LATE PRESIDENT.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The Times' Buenos Ayres correspondent says: After the reading in the chamber of deputies of President Celman's resignation, Gen. Roca invited the members to express their opinions as to the advisability of accepting it.

Gen. Mansella opposed its acceptance on the ground that such action by the chamber would be an admission of the triumph of the revolution, and of Buenos Ayres over the other provinces of the republic. He declared that the action of President Celman in tendering his resignation was culpable toward cowardice.

Gen. Roca explained that he had sacrificed himself in order to show how utterly impossible it was for Celman to continue in the presidency after the mistakes made by the members of the presidential party. Nobody, he declared, could serve a man who had shown such complete insipidity. He had gravely compromised the country. It was not Buenos Ayres alone which opposed President Celman, but every province of the republic. Every honest man was against him.

Gen. Roca's remarks were greeted with applause. The vote on accepting the resignation was taken in dead silence, but when the result was announced showing a majority in favor of accepting it, the chamber resounded with cheers.

Gen. Roca left the chamber in order to escape the joyful demonstrations of those present. There is much rejoicing throughout the city at the success of the movement to force President Celman's resignation.

A meeting of citizens last night was addressed by Dr. Del Val, who in the course of his address said: "The Argentine Republic is now secure; it will not have a government of robbers."

Telegrams of congratulations at the peaceful settlement of the disturbed condition of affairs are arriving from all parts of the republic, and the public are aroused to a high pitch of enthusiasm. President Pellegrini delivered an address to the people, in which he said the motto of the new government would be justice and liberty. The force which the executive and government will depend upon for their defense is public opinion. The address was received with deafening cheers.

Vicente Fidel Lopez has been appointed minister of finance: Gen. Roca has accepted the ministry of the interior: Senor Eduardo Costa, the foreign ministry; Senor Gutierrez Lasta, the ministry of education, and Gen. Levalle, the ministry of war. There is perfect harmony in the new cabinet. Senor Saenz Pena has been elected president of the National bank.

A deputation of leading citizens waited upon President Pellegrini to offer their congratulations. Public confidence is reviving. Gold is quoted at 125. The banks are closed, but the bourse will be reopened very shortly. Exchanges are rising.

REVOLUTIONISTS ROUTED.

Latest News From the Trouble in Central America.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 8.—A dispatch from the Guatemalan minister at the city of Mexico stating that Gen. Irmayay, the leader of the revolt against Barillas has been routed by the Guatemalan troops at Palo Gran, Eta, has been received by the Guatemalan consul-general at this city.

The dispatch also states that the vice president of San Salvador has organized a government in Salvadoran territory in opposition to that of Ezeta and is being aided by Gen. Murada, one of the most important men of the republic, and that Ezeta had caused to be shot many people connected with the Rivas movement, among whom were many important personages.

Death of Christopher Columbus.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 8.—Yesterday United States Marshal Lake libelled the steamer Oldam. A few days ago she ran into the fishing smack Christopher Columbus, off Newfoundland, and the owners want \$35,000 damages.

Bridge Jumper's Body Found.

BOSTON, Aug. 8.—The body of Bridge Jumper McCaffrey, of Montreal, who last Sunday jumped 130 feet into the river from an East Boston shipyard, was found floating in the water yesterday.

CROP REPORTS.

Ohio, Kansas and Illinois All Report a Short Crop.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 8.—The crop report of the Ohio state board of agriculture, giving the condition of crops up to Aug. 1, has just been issued. The condition of wheat, compared with a full average, is put at 77 per cent, the average date of harvest being July 3.

The report says: "The present report indicates a decline of six points in the wheat prospect since the estimate of July 1. The result of threshing has been disappointment to farmers in most sections of the state. The yield is not so great as was anticipated from the appearance of the growing grain. Many correspondents report the wheat yield at from a quarter to a third less than was expected. Reports of full or fair yield are very few."

While no estimate was asked this month for corn, correspondents, in their general remarks, refer to corn being badly injured and a poor prospect. The indications are that only from 69 to 75 per cent. of a full crop can be expected. Oats were badly injured by blight or rust. The crop is very short and not of prime quality.

The potato crop will be very short; but little more than half an average crop can be expected. Pastures have failed rapidly by reason of the continuous dry weather. Hay is a full crop and was harvested in good condition. Apples, peaches and pears almost a total failure.

Show Crop in Kansas.

TOPEKA, KAN., Aug. 8.—Reports received from about 500 correspondents of the state board of agriculture, representing every county in the state, clearly indicate that the growing crops in every portion of the state have been seriously injured. The severe drought, intense heat and occasional hot winds prevailing throughout the state generally have been the cause of this failing off in crop prospects. Its condition, which one month ago was reported at 90 per cent., is now reported at only 60 per cent. of an average crop. The average wheat product will be about 23,000,000. The flax area has been greatly increased and the crop is very good. The oats crop, although short, is yielding better than was expected. A yield of from 40 to 70 per acre is reported from a number of counties.

Crops Damaged in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 8.—This bulletin is based on the data returned by the press correspondents of the Illinois state board of agriculture Aug. 1. The last month has been one of unusual drought and high temperature, and much damage is being done to growing vegetation of every description. The corn crop and pasturage have suffered in some portions of the state to an alarming extent. Out of the 102 counties in Illinois only four fail to complain of the lack of precipitation and its damaging effect on the growing crops.

ROWING THEM OVER.

Chinamen Still Doing the Sneak Act from Canada.

BUFFALO, Aug. 8.—There seems to be a gang of men on the Canadian side who make a business of rowing Chinamen over the river to the American side. Lee Name and Lee Sing and two other Chinese were arrested Monday night before they had been in Uncle Sam's domain ten minutes.

Judging from the rates charged for Mongolian imports it must be a profitable business. They were brought from near Victoria and landed under cover of darkness just below Fourth street but Capt. Collins has been acquainted with this little trick for some time and has kept his officers on guard. The Chinamen were turned over to the custody of United States Deputy Watts and were arraigned before United States Commissioner Hirschbeck on a charge of violating the United States exclusion act. They pleaded not guilty and were held for further examination.

The Mongolians said they paid the man who rowed them over \$5. One of them can speak English quite fluently, he having lived in Boston several years ago. The came by the way of British Columbia and were evidently destined for Boston, thinking they could enter better from Victoria than any other place. This seems to be a regular shipping point for the Chinamen, and it is said many of them are being smuggled into the country daily. Deputy Watts and his officers will make a desperate effort to capture the gang who row Chinamen across the river.

GEORGIA DEMOCRATS.

The State Convention at Atlanta Non-nate a ticket.

ATLANTA, Aug. 8.—The state Democratic convention met at 12 o'clock yesterday, Hon. R. L. Barber in a ringing Democratic speech calling it to order. Hon. W. H. Atkinson of Coweta county, was elected permanent chairman. Hon. W. J. Northen of Hancock county, was nominated for governor by a unanimous and a ringing vote. Gen. Phil Cook was nominated for secretary of state; Capt. J. A. Wright for comptroller-general; in Col. R. H. Hardman for treasurer. Judge George L. Cobb, of Cobb county, was nominated for attorney general over Hon. C. L. Anderson, the present incumbent. R. E. Webb, of Coweta county, nominated for commissary of agriculture on the fourth ballot.

The platform adopted by the convention renewed the pledge to the political principles of the party in the National Democratic convention of 1888. A strict reliance on the integrity and ability of the party was placed on to correct the existing abuses of government. Governor John B. Gordon and other state house officers were indorsed with pride for their capacity and fidelity in managing the affairs of the state. The convention, after hearing an address from Col. Northen, the nominee for governor, adjourned sine die.

NOTICE TO BUYERS.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 8.—The large ice houses at Concord Junction, owned by John E. Morris, of Charlestown, and containing many hundred of tons of ice were burned last night, entailing a loss of several thousand dollars; insured. The cause of the fire was probably incendiary.

Census Office Reports.

The Statistics on the Value of State Given Out.

AN INCREASE IN PRODUCTION.

It Will Amount to Nearly Twice That of the Last Census—Proceedings of the House and Senate—Various Other Washington Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The census office reports that the total value of all slate produced in the United States in 1889 is \$3,444,863. Of this amount \$2,75,271 is the value of 828,900 squares of roofing slate, and \$689,932 is the value of slate for all other purposes besides roofing.

As compared with the statements of the tenth census report of 1880, on stone, the roofing slate product of 1889 is nearly twice as great in number of squares and in value. A consideration of the slate used for other purposes than roofing appears to have been omitted from the tenth census report. The total value of all slate produced in 1889 is more than twice as great as that considered in the tenth census.

According to "mineral resources of the United States, 1888," the total number of squares of roofing slate produced in that year is 662,400, valued at \$2,655,440.

House Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The house yesterday adopted a resolution calling on the postmaster general for copies of the agreements for the transportation of mails between the United States and foreign countries, the conditions upon which the awards are made and the rates of payment for the service.

Consideration of the general deficiency bill in committee of the whole was then proceeded with.

Mr. Clunie, of California, offered an amendment, which, after some discussion was adopted, granting an extra month's pay to the employees of the senate and the house.

The bill having been disposed of by the committee, all the amendments were agreed to, excepting the extra month's pay to senate and house employees and then the bill went over to day.

A bill was passed making the interstate commerce law applicable to unincorporated express companies. The house then, at 4:50 p. m., adjourned.

In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The senate met at 10 o'clock, but there were only twelve-two senators present at roll call, less than a quorum. After waiting a few moments a quorum was obtained, and after transacting some morning business, the tariff bill was taken up and considerable progress made with the metal schedule. Several propositions to reduce rates advanced by the Democrats were voted down by a strict party vote.

World's Fair Decisions.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Comptroller Matthews, of the treasury department, has rendered an opinion in which he holds that the world's fair commissioners are entitled to use the telegraph in connection with public business at government rates; also, that alternate world's fair commissioners are not entitled to allowance for attendance on official meeting of the commission, unless their principals are unable to attend.

A Laundryman a Laborer.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The treasury department has informed a correspondent at Geneva, N. Y., that a Chinese laundryman, whether proprietor or otherwise, is a laborer, and under the act of Oct. 1, 1888, cannot be permitted to re-land in the United States after visiting his native country.

A Work of Art.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Assistant Secretary Spaulding has instructed the collector of customs at Chicago, to admit free of duty a bronze statue of Carl Von Linne, for use in Lincoln park, Chicago.

ODD FELLOWS' PARADE.

About Six Thousand Uniformed Men March Through Chicago's Streets.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—Yesterday was the great day of the Patriarchs' Military celebration. All the Patriarchs, the military organizations of the city, and thousands of the brethren of the triple link united in a grand demonstration. In the morning the competition between subordinate lodges was continued at Batteray D. In the afternoon the triennial inspection of the Patriarchs took place in Lake Front park. About five thousand men were in line, and made a glorious display.

Owing to the dense crowds and evident mismanagement on the part of the officials, the big parade did not get started until about 4:30 o'clock and it was about 5 o'clock when the head of the procession passed the grand stand. It was estimated that between 10,000 and 15,000 men were in line, including about 6,000 uniformed patriachs.

On the reviewing stand at the Lake Front park were gathered the dignitaries of the state and city, as well as of the I. O. O. F. Nearly 20,000 people also occupied seats in the amphitheater and thousands crowded the parks and streets, windows, balconies and roofs along Michigan avenue. There were many breaks in the line that the review lasted over two hours. Last night, on the lake front, the third degree of chivalry was conferred, and there were display formations by all the cantons, exhibition drilling by the Chicago zouaves and the evening entertainment was concluded by a grand display of fireworks.

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

Labor Troubles at Cardiff Still Unsettled.

Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Although neither Lord Dunraven nor Cardinal Manning has signified his willingness to act as arbitrator in the labor troubles at Cardiff, it is believed that both will be asked to do so by both parties in the dispute, and that they will accept the invitation.

All traffic on the railways and docks at Cardiff has been stopped. The railway directors are making fresh overtures to the men.

Ben. Tillet, the labor leader, addressed an immense meeting of union men in the public square at Cardiff last evening. He counseled the men to remain firm, but to refrain from violent demonstrations, which could only have the effect to weaken their cause.

Already there are signs that the directors of the companies are disposed to compromise on a basis of half what the men demand, but in the matter of the absolute exclusion of non-union men, the principal demand of the employees, the directors are still firm in their refusal to accept dictation or to depart in the slightest degree from their resolve to engage whatever class of men they may choose to employ.

Explained in the Committee.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—In the house of commons yesterday evening Sir James Ferguson stated that no arrangement had yet been made with the Newfoundland delegates. The modus vivendi in regard to lobster fisheries, he said, would expire at the end of the present season.

Regarding the treatment of Jews in Russia, Sir James said that reports had been received from the British ambassador at Petersburg that the Russian government emphatically denies the statement made by the correspondent of The Times in recent dispatches from the Russian capital.

Effect of the London Strike.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Shipping firms say that this part of London has been greatly injured by the recent strike, that the tendency of the ocean carriage is toward Liverpool, and that steamers which would be discharged and loaded in Liverpool in four days and in London in eight days before the strike, have occupied twelve days since that event. It is claimed that the dock laborers purposefully delay work in order to get extra pay for after hours.

A Large Shipment of Dressed Meat.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—A steamer arriving from Auckland yesterday brought a cargo consisting of 40,000 sheep and 2,000 beesves, all dressed and frozen. This is the largest cargo of dressed meat that has ever been brought to England.

Killed by a Bicycle.

MUNICH, Aug. 8.—Yesterday the daughter of Herr Miller, formerly a member of the Bavarian ministry, was struck by a bicycle, while walking in the park, and instantly killed.

A Revolt.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 8.—A revolt has broken out among the Alehgaras in Candahr. Troops have been dispatched to put down the disturbance.

WHAT THEY THINK OF ELECTRICIDE.

Comments of the London Press on Kemmerer's Execution.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 8.—Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state yesterday, as follows: The Sterling Coal and Coke company, \$100,000; Church of Christ of Martial, Marion county; Daniel Dougherty club, Mount Vernon; National Mutual Fire association, of Akron; Toledo and Island Steamboat company, \$65,000; Potter-Parlin company, Cincinnati, \$15,000; Burton-Endle company, \$15,000; Massillon Stoneware company, \$15,000; Youngstown Paving Brick company, increase from \$9,000 to \$30,000; London Home and Savings company, increase from \$100,000 to \$500,000; Trustees of Brethren's Book and tract work, of the German Baptist Brethren church, in the United States and foreign countries.

Three Tickets Will Be Nominated.

CARROLLTON, O., Aug. 8.—This district will give 4,000 Republican majority. The Republicans nominated Col. Joseph D. Taylor.

The Democratic convention will be held in Stenberville about the second Wednesday in September.

The Prohibitionists will probably hold a convention and nominate a candidate. There is talk of Rev. I. S. Hahn, pastor of the German Reformed church in this place, as their candidate. Rev. Hahn made the Prohibition race in the McKinley district six years ago.

Shot by His Playmate.

CADIZ, O., Aug. 8.—Norris Garvin, a son of a prominent attorney, accidentally shot and instantly killed Roy Merrick, 6-year-old son of Professor Merrick, of the public schools and formerly connected with the Xenia orphan home.

The Telegraph describes it as horrible and atrocious, and adds:

The Marion Daily Star.

Published Every Evening Except Sunday

W. C. BARDING.

TERMS:

By Mail.....\$4 per Year in Advance
Delivered by Carrier.....10 Cts. per Week

FRIDAY, AUGUST 8.

CHANGE OF CARRIERS.

Subscribers of the Star will please note the change of carriers of the paper. Master Willie Muntzinger succeeds Earl Wilson on east Center, east South and Mt. Vernon avenue. Orlie Hemley will have the East Marion delivery formerly in charge of Willie Muntzinger. Master Fred Myers now carries the north Main, north West and intersecting streets. We notice these changes that patrons may know whom to pay and that they may report omissions that are likely to occur until the routes are well learned. Those, too, who are in arrears will accomodate the boys by squaring up, that the new ones may start out properly.

A BETTER PRISON.

Bids Opened and Accepted For New Cells
In the City Prison.

As advertised the bids for constructing cells for the city prison were received until 12 o'clock today. Bids from three companies were received and opened by Messrs. Roberts, Blake and Fairbanks, the committee appointed to open the bids and let the contract. The plans and details from each of the companies were gone over and it was found that Lane Brothers, of Newark, Ohio, were the lowest bidders. Their bid was \$689 for 6 cells, made of iron, or \$589 for 5 cells. The other bids were from the VanDorn Iron Co., of Cleveland, and the Champion Iron Fence Co., of Kenton, O.

Each of the companies had a representative here, and it took some little time for them to explain the merits of their cells, but as the Lane Brothers put in the lowest bid and have an excellent cell, it was given to them, their figures being about \$13 lower than the Champion Iron Fence Co.

The contract calls for 5 iron cells with attachments. A bond of \$1000 was filed by the contractor, to insure the completion of the prison according to the specifications. Work on them will be commenced at once and they will be put in place as soon as finished.

A Word About Printing.

In a city like this there is a very considerable amount of job printing. The newspaper offices have the larger job printing plants and carry large and expensive stocks. In competition with them are the little job printing offices whose proprietors solicit work until their tiresome calls often secure orders as the only relief from annoyance. At the same time they make pretences about cheaper prices. There is nothing in it.

Patrons in the printing line may well consider who deserves their orders. The newspapers are called upon regularly for free notices that are not in the line of news, but which they accept without pay and often without thanks. If people, who enjoy these courtesies and secure kind notices that are no more like news than verses from the Koran, want to come anywhere near a reciprocation of favors they will patronize the newspaper job offices. The newspaper does so much without reward that opportunities in the line of job work ought to be accepted to show some appreciation. We do not speak for ourselves alone. The newspaper offices here employ large forces of men and spend more than \$1000 per month among employees. So, prices being equal and work generally better, the newspaper offices deserve the preference, and people considering the proprieties of courtesy as well as their own interests will give it to them. Of the newspaper offices we recommend the Star, of course. Work from the Star job rooms is as good and as cheap as can be found anywhere.

A Birthday Party.

A highly enjoyable surprise party was given Mrs. J. G. Trefz, on Park street, Thursday night. During the week Mrs. Trefz was unmindful of her 33d birthday, and was desiring to spend a week in the country. Her husband called a bogus telegram into service to keep her at home and Thursday night, while Mrs. Trefz was at church, about 75 friends gathered at the house. All

was quiet when Mrs. Trefz came home and she was suddenly and unexpectedly ushered into this lively crowd of guests, to her greatest possible surprise. For some time she could not gain her composure, but later on became an excellent hostess through the pleasant hours that followed.

After a supper that was worthy of the great praise bestowed upon it, Jacob Berry, on behalf of the guests, presented Mrs. Trefz with a handsome plush rocker and a lamp. After that the eminent Knight of the Golden Eagle, M. Stoll, led the merry-making, and a joyous time prevailed.

Death at Cochran.

Mrs. Elmer Kerr, living at Cochran, died at an early hour Friday morning of typhoid fever. Deceased had only been married about a year and was well known in the vicinity in which she lived, and was esteemed by all. Her death is a sad shock to her husband and a host of friends. Her funeral will occur Saturday, 2 p.m., from the residence.

Miss Mina Greek returned to her home in Prospect today, after visiting a few days with Miss Ava Wilson.

BIG FOUR EXCURSION

To Niagara Falls and Lake Chautauqua. Only \$4.00 Round Trip with \$1.00 Additional to Toronto.

On August 19 the old reliable Big Four Route (C. C. & St. L. Ry.) will run one of their famous low-rate Niagara Falls, Lake Chautauqua, and Toronto excursions, which have done so much to make their route popular with our people for years past. No other line gives such careful attention to excursion business or is as well equipped to satisfactorily conduct it as the Big Four Route, and the large numbers who always turn out and go with their excursions each succeeding year show the popularity of the line over all other routes.

Their regular excursion agent will accompany the special excursion train through to the Falls, looking after every detail and making the most favorable arrangements for entertaining the party whilst there, presenting the different points of interest in the most attractive manner.

Niagara Falls is a natural attraction one never tires of seeing, and the opportunity of crossing Lake Ontario by steamer from Lewiston, visiting Toronto, or making a trip down the St. Lawrence River, at the slight additional expense, should be improved.

Stop-over privileges will be allowed at Lake Chautauqua on all excursion tickets.

We trust everybody who can possibly do so will make their arrangements to join the Big Four Excursion August 19th.

For full information in regard to tickets, sleeping-car accommodations, and all other matters of interest, call on agents of the Big Four Route.

BASE BALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati — Cincinnati 23, Pitts-
burgh 17.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 5, New
York 4.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 11, Boston 5.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 18, Chicago 4.

PLAYERS' LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston 4, New York 2.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 3, Buffalo 10.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 5, Philadel-
phia 4.

At Chicago—Chicago 18, Cleveland 4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

At Toledo—Toledo 11, Rochester 6.

At Louisville—Louisville 7, Brooklyn 2.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 8, Syracuse 3.

IN LUCK.

A broker stepped out of the Broad street door of the Stock Exchange recently, apparently after having made some money. He espied a little mate of a ragged newsboy not three feet high, and a philanthropic notion took possession of him. He caught up the little bunch of rags, and carrying it to a cigar stand procured an empty cigar box. Then he placed in the dazed boy a hand. Then the broker dashed into the Exchange with a wild whoop that directed general attention to him. Instantly he was surrounded by a crowd, and Broker Dick Halstead threw a coin into the box, seized the boy, passed him to J. W. Bass, who also passed him on after dropping a contribution into the box.

Coin and bills began to rain into it. The Sugar trust crowd was invaded, then the New England crowd, and the pile of money in the box grew rapidly. The yell, the sight of the money and the general novelty of his trip were beyond the little fellow's comprehension. He simply stared blankly. Finally he was released. There must have been \$50 in the box. He shot out of the exchange, and was last seen running up Nassau street, hugging the box tightly to his breast. Who he was, where he lived, or what he would do with his fortune no one knew.—New York Times

Grand Entertainment.

Exemplification of the temperance work at Music Hall, Tuesday evening, August 12. The work is entirely new and has never been given before, except twice in the city of Columbus, and is divided into five parts, as follows:

The rescue of the drunkard, the fight of faith, the encouragement of hope, the blessings of pure charity and the final triumph of right. To conclude with a tableau, "The Crowning of the Rescued."

The above to be exemplified by twenty characters in real life. The public is cordially invited. Admission 15 cents. Tickets on sale at L. H. Flocken & Co.'s and J. W. Headley's drug stores.

The Ladies Delighted.

The pleasant effect and the perfect safety with which ladies may use the liquid fruit laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions make it their favorite remedy. It is pleasing to the eye and to the taste, gentle, yet effectual in acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels.

Eloped With a Young Girl.

LOWELL, Mass., Aug. 8.—George L. Brown, otherwise known as Lee Brown, a prominent towed Templar, is reported to have eloped with Agnes L. Hill, aged 19. The girl has been missing for two weeks. Brown is married but separated from his wife some time ago.

Abjourned Without Action.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The meeting of the joint committee of the 11th & 8th lines association and the Central Traffic association adjourned yesterday to reconvene at Chicago on Aug. 14. All pending questions were deferred until that time.

Sawmill Explodes.

FRANKFORT, Ind., Aug. 8.—Early yesterday morning John Jacoby's sawmill, at Millbury, exploded, killing Engineer Will Shaeffer and wounding John Jacoby, Alvin Jacoby, Mose Rice and two children of Alfred Clegg.

J. W. Diemer today sold his south Main street meat market to A. Lefler. Mr. Lefler was the former owner of the shop, having sold it to Mr. Diemer last spring.

A. H. Kling arrived home today, after a week's vacation at Put-in-Bay.

OBITUARY.

MERRITT.—At his late residence in Claridon township, some five miles east of Marion, O., Friday, Aug. 1, 1880, Mr. Calle Merritt, aged 70 years, 9 months and 11 days.

He was born in Orange county, New York, Oct. 29, 1819, and came with his parents to Ohio in 1830, settling in Medina county, where they lived some eight years and then moved to Grand Prairie township this county, thence to Scott township where his father died. He was united in marriage Dec. 1, 1845, to Miss Prudence Walker. To them were born two sons and six daughters, all of whom are left to mourn his loss. He was industrious and economical in his business, just and upright in all his dealings with his fellow men, a good neighbor, an affectionate husband, and a kind father. He was nearly always at home except when called away by business. About 85 years ago he united with the M. E. church at the Conklin school house, which church relationship he held as long as the church was in existence. In his last illness he was confined to his bed for more than seven months, during which time he suffered a great deal, but nevertheless, he bore his sufferings with patience and fortitude, and as the end drew near he expressed himself as resigned to the Lord's will.

"A precious one from us has gone. A voice I loved is still with me. It is in our home, which never can be filled.

God in His wisdom has recalled, The boon His love had given; And though the body moulders here, The soul is safe in Heaven."

The funeral services were held at the residence, Sunday, Aug. 3, Rev. W. F. Cranston officiating, assisted by Rev. Henry Holovast, a large assembly of friends and neighbors being present. After the services the remains were taken to and deposited in the Marion vault.

DEATH.

Hot and still dry. Abe Brady is keeping back.

Rice Harper's new house is under way. Jimmie Bain is clerking at Lingo's store, LRU.

That little rain will do us lots of good.

Will and Emily Eckert went to Lima Saturday.

S. D. Southwick, of Agosta, was on our streets Wednesday.

Jacob Treace and wife, of Green Camp, visited at Elmer Mayfield's Monday and Tuesday.

We feel thankful for small favors but the rain Monday was too short.

H. E. Petty, a citizen of DeCliff for several years, will probably move to Michigan this fall.

The DeCliff C. and A. night office has been opened again with George Hollett, of Indiana, at the key.

The Scott Town Sunday school picnic promises to be as interesting as ever. They expect a big crowd.

Link Morral is erecting a fine wind pump with pipe connection to supply water for his stock.

Quite a number of our young folks attended the picnic in Jones grove near LaRue, Thursday.

Ellis Brown and wife will shortly start on a visit West, reaching Omaha, Nebraska, before returning.

Uncle Oliver Church will rent out his farm adjoining town and retire from active business this fall.

DeCliff and Scott Town still want telephonic connection, and will pay liberally for same, but we should not be taken as first national banks.

The Senate should pass or reject the McKinley bill at once or quit business and go home. The people are getting tired waiting.

E. E. Brown, of Agosta, left via the C. and A. Thursday, for an extended visit through the West, including Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha and Kansas City.

The long and continued dry and hot weather will cut the corn and potato crop extremely short, and those commodities will be high the next year.

Mrs. Will Burley and daughter are visiting at Paterson, O., this week. In the meantime Bill, himself, is cooking his own grub.

Judging from talk we hear from trainmen on the C. and A., we learn that the old C. and A. Co. will buy the road in on the 12th. We however think the Erie will be the next owner.

We see by the Star that our friend Cope-land thinks the prohibitionists are failing. We predicted three years ago that the party would not be known in American politics inside of five years.

We were down to Agosta the other night and see that the railroad station is still in existence, notwithstanding the bluff the Big Four people give the citizens relative to its abandonment.

We already hear a great many people figuring on going to the World's Fair at Chicago in '92. If this dry weather keeps up we intend to commence to figure on something to eat for the next two years.

Generally speaking our farmers are disengaged for the outlook for corn and possibly the potatoes also. The prospect certainly is not bright yet a good heavy soaking rain may work wonders for the corn if it should fortunately come.

August 6.

Brush Ridge.

We were visited with quite a refreshing shower Saturday the 2nd inst., followed by a heavy rain upon the 4th inst., which has saved our corn crop from drying up, and brightening the countenance of many a downcast farmer.

The oats crop, according to the virtue of threshers, will be less than 50 per cent. of an average.

Common services were held at the Free-Will Baptist church last Sabbath, also praise meeting the same evening.

Mr. C. C. Cox wife and child, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio, after visiting with Robert Ewart of Marion and W. H. Boote, of the Ridge, returned home Monday.

Saturday evening and Sabbath next, at 10 o'clock a.m., Rev. Tullous, of Knox county, will preach at the first Baptist church.

The proposed park road from the Hood school house to the county line was surveyed last Tuesday. The distance is a little over three miles.

ANX.

Our Friend The Bed Bag.

If you would quickly and permanently rid your beds of bugs put a small box of ROUGH ON RATS in a pint bottle of benzine, shake well when using. Douch the mixture into the cracks, crevices, holes and openings of the bedstead. It will turn them up by the dozen. It is a safe and strong medicine.

An explorer who has been collecting specimens from the sea bottom and also watching the habits of marine animals says that artists are wrong in representing them as walking upright, as his experience shows that it is necessary to walk with the body inclined forward at an angle of forty-five degrees.

BRIC-A-BRAC NOVELTIES.

Manicure trays and implements in ivory have been introduced.

Paper pulp, which looks like frozen or petrified foam, is cut into layers, painted in garlands and used as dinner cards.

Orchids simulated in paper and admirably imitating these wonderful things, both in form and color, are used for dinner cards.

Sevres and Dresden plates, brass mounted, are used as background for branching side lights, or appliques, as they are called in France.

Russian belts, a sort of glorified rainbow hued gold tape, are introduced and are worn with gorgeous Russian enameled silver buckles.

Sandal and violet are the two fragrant woods used in fans. These are carved in exquisite forms, garlands and lattices work, inlaid with gold.

Some of the fans are made of painted gauze. The work is exquisite, consisting of Cupids, goddesses, nymphs, shepherds, fine ladies and garlands.

Blue Drefit bird cages are pretty fancy. Candelsticks are built up of sections of Blue

A UNIQUE INSTITUTION.

It is likened to "A Spectacle of MILK in an Ocean of Ink."

[Social Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—A spout of milk in an ocean of ink. One cannot help feeling that that is what the girls' college settlement away down on Rivington street, in the heart of the east side, is like.

One must admire the sublime courage, the firm faith and the wonderful patience of the little group of young women who are engaged in it, but—it all seems so hopeless! The amount of their effort is that three or four young women have taken a house down in the region of narrow streets and tall tenements from which they are patiently trying to teach the poor and the wretched how to live, and how to put more comfort and more happiness into their lives.

Three brave, winsome girls, two pleasant rooms, a sea of hopeless poverty, hundreds of saloons, unimaginable wretchedness, ignorance and vice.

The methods they are employing are much the same as those which have been tested already in east side philanthropic work by the Neighborhood guild, a settlement of college men on Forsyth street, a few blocks away. Both endeavors are modeled, as nearly as their limited means allow, after the famous Toynbee hall, of London, the original of Robert Elsmere's East End achievements.

The young women went quietly to work, saving as little as possible about the philanthropic side of their endeavor, and trying merely to establish themselves in the neighborhood which they had chosen and make acquaintance among its women and children. They were just a little household, the members of which went out every day and earned their own living, and in the evening were glad to meet in their own pleasant rooms the people around them who wanted to have somewhere to go. They began their experiment the first of last October, and now they have formed several little clubs which meet at their house. The children sing and play games, and have pretty stories read to them, and are told how to take care of themselves, and all enjoy the little talks immensely. The women's meetings are made bright and pleasant and interesting, as well as instructive. They learn how to take better care of their babies; how to look after the welfare of their older children a little more closely; how to make their homes more cleanly and pleasant with the meager wages their husbands earn. But the young women try particularly to put into the lives of these poverty stricken people a little more brightness and interest, and so give them some heart to attempt to struggle upward.

The little girls learn to sew, and are encouraged to bestow a little care upon their personal appearance, an example that soon affects their mothers also. The young women have fitted up in their basement some hot baths, which a placard over the area door announces are for women and children, at five cents each—for it is one of the principles of the settlement not to give charity. The young women think they will do more good by encouraging a feeling of independence and self reliance than by any amount of giving. It is char-



SCENE ON RIVINGTON STREET, NEW YORK, after they wish to influence rather than immediate material surroundings. They aim to develop self respect, and to show those whom they are able to reach how to satisfy the promptings of their new spirit.

This same principle of "no charity" is characteristic of all the recent philanthropic east side efforts. It is adhered to by the Neighborhood guild even more rigidly than by the Rivington street settlement. The guild has a membership fee for each of its clubs, an admission fee for its theatrical entertainments and amusement evenings, and is almost self supporting. It has been in existence about three years, and has grown so flourishing that it lately moved into larger and more commodious quarters. Both Miss Fine and Miss Robbins, the leading spirits in the girls' settlement, assisted in the work of the guild almost from its start, and although they call their own work "an experiment too young to furnish any proof as to whether or not it will succeed" they have seen their principles and methods already put to the test.

The house in which the young women have started their settlement is a short flight of stone steps leading up to the front door, away down on Rivington street. Near by street are supposed to have some of the wretchedest poverty and most hopeless vice to be found in this whole big city. But the region directly around their place is comparatively decent, and if it were tried by Mulberry Bend standards would doubtless be pronounced wealthy and aristocratic. But its people are quite as poor and as wretched as any ordinary philanthropist would want to deal with.

The double parlors, which occupy nearly the whole of the first floor, are the meeting rooms of the several classes and clubs which have already been formed. They are furnished very plainly but comfortably with wooden chairs and rockers of antique oak, a lounge, a table or two, covered with books and papers and a piano. A bright fire sparkles in the grate, and the space on each side of it the length of the room is filled up with bookshelves, crowded with books, and covered with dark red curtains. There are large rugs on the floor and pretty Madras curtains at the windows.

Miss Fine, who is the head of the settlement, is a school teacher. She looks less than 25 years old, is tall and slender, has blonde hair and blue eyes, a pretty complexion and a winning, whole hearted manner. One would scarcely expect a woman of her youth and quiet, winsome appearance to possess the large ideals, calm courage and unwearied patience and persistence necessary even to start such an enterprise as this. Miss Robbins, her chief assistant, is studying medicine. Each one of the young women has some occupation by which she earns her living, and so makes the people around her feel that she's one with them rather than somebody outside and above their interests.

FLORENCE FINCH KELLY.

NYM CRINKLE'S BOOK.

"The Toltec Cup," a Novel Written by the Famous Dramatic Critic.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Mr. A. C. Wheeler has been for many years a writer for the press, and has gained something of a reputation as a dramatic critic. He is better known by his nom de plume, Nym Crinkle, than by his own name. Mr. Wheeler is an epigrammatic writer and has some gifts of analysis, although his capacity for genuine criticism hardly justifies his reputation in that regard. His epigrams are neat, terse and sometimes cutting, but they are not written with the art which conceals the labor bestowed in formulating them. He seems to have been a close student of the French school of criticism, and some of his critiques have been really brilliant.

Some years ago Mr. Wheeler undertook to create drama which should be constructed in accordance with his dramatic ideas. The play was well heralded, and Mr. Lester Wallack produced it. No expense was spared either in getting a cast or in stage mounting, but the play was a failure, and Mr. Wallack pocketed a loss of \$10,000, it is said, and in doing so declared that he had paid that much for the discovery that a critic was not necessarily a creator.

Mr. Wheeler has just written a novel. It is called "The Toltec Cup." Before it appeared it coming excited some interest, because it was thought Mr. Wheeler would write a novel on the lines of careful and subtle analysis, which is his habit in writing his critiques. It was thought that the book would abound in epigrams and would sparkle with wit. In this respect, however, the work is a disappointment. Mr. Wheeler has constructed an old time romance. It is full of plot, mystery, and every page teems with action. It is a story in part of detective experience, and might be called a melodrama of today. It is just the kind of novel which Mr. Wheeler would be expected not to write. G. P. James, or the adventurous Reynolds, or possibly Ned Buntline, who was in his way the prince of romancers, would have written a novel like "The Toltec Cup," but it is something of a marvel to find that Mr. Wheeler has done so; yet in one respect the book represents his theory. He believes in realism in fiction, but he thinks that in fiction, as in life, it is the unusual, unique and startling developments of human nature that interest and excite men, and not the every day monotony with which Mr. Howells deals.

"The Toltec Cup" ought to please those who look for exciting adventure, and in many of its pictures of contemporary life it is very accurate. Mr. Wheeler has boldly faced what is thought to be a modern prejudice against long stories, for this one is of unusual length, and is, moreover, printed in too small a type to give general satisfaction. The tendency among authors and publishers is certainly in the direction of shorter stories. One of the principal publishers of novels will not undertake to print a story which contains more than sixty thousand words, and a tale running from forty to fifty thousand words is looked upon with the greatest favor by publishers. They say that in the hurry of this day people want to finish a story at a sitting, and they lose patience with a tale long spun out. It would be impossible for such a series as Dumas' "D'Artagnan" romances to find any sale nowadays. That is what publishers say, but it is not what Mr. Wheeler believes, and the story the librarians of the public libraries tell tends to confirm Mr. Wheeler's conviction. The librarians say that Dumas' prodigiously long romances are among the most eagerly sought books in the libraries. It is too soon to tell whether the length of "The Toltec Cup" is a disadvantage.

Another experiment will be tested by the publication of this book, and that is how far the personal reputation of a writer will go to help the sale of the book. If the name is worth anything, Mr. Wheeler's book ought to have considerable sale. It is in question whether the name particularly helps, excepting of course in the case of some established genius like Dumas or Dickens. The novel which has had the largest sale of any story written in recent years was the work of an author whose name was absolutely unknown to the general public, Mr. A. C. Gunter.

E. J. EDWARDS.

SEEN ON A TRAIN.

Travelers Meet with Strange Specimens Now and Then.

[Special Correspondence.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—I boarded the incoming overland train the other day at Colfax. In front of me rested, in an unoccupied seat, a satchel. An elderly woman came along and seated herself in the vacant end of the seat beside the satchel.

When the train pulled out a tall man approached the woman, and tapping her on the shoulder said, "Madam, you have got my seat." The woman replied that he could remove his satchel and take the place it occupied. He replied that he wanted his seat. The result was that the old lady got up and the hog sat down and rested his arm against his traveling bag, which occupied a seat he had not paid for.

Across the aisle from him sat three eastern ladies whose inexperience as travelers was manifest by their questions.

The man whose rude and selfish treatment of the old lady had rendered him obnoxious to the others in the car began to pay his respects to these ladies. He volunteered to chaperone them when they reached the city and to conduct them to a hotel.

This proffered kindness was not warmly welcomed. I changed seats to get on the shaded side of the car, and this brought me near the three women.

One of them asked if I was going to San Francisco. She asked if I would show them the right street car to take them where they wanted to go. I would, with pleasure. The spokeswoman then informed me that she had not seen her husband in seven years; that he had come out here at that time, and she was at last able to join him. She had telegraphed him what train she was on, and if he got the message he would probably meet her. When the train reached Oakland a man entered the car and came through, eying each woman closely. My new made acquaintance saw him. She turned pale and almost fainted. Then she sprang up and cried, "Oh, Fred!" and seized her long absent husband around the neck. The scene was truly pathetic. The two sat with arms around each other until the ferry was reached. The self appointed guardian slunk away and disappeared in the throng. Every passenger in the car was rejoiced at his discomfiture.

B. G. W.

What greater thing is there for two human souls than to feel that they are joined for life—to strengthen each other in all labor, to rest on each other in all sorrow, to minister to each other in all pain, to be with each in silent, unspeakable moments at the moment of the last parting?

FLORENCE FINCH KELLY.

Eighty-one Changes.

"This is the season," said a Detroit tailor the other day, "when the average young man conceives himself about his summer suit.

"He is anxious to blossom out in keeping with the gladness of the season. I know one shabby gentee in this city who was figuring on producing the best effect with the least expenditure. How do you suppose he managed?

"He bought three suits, one black, one blue and one white. He studied the situation out very carefully, and as he saw the wonderful possibilities of three suits a broad smile spread over his face. He tells me he is going to the seashore, and that he is going to manage like this:

"In the morning he will wear his white suit, blue vest and black trousers; noon, black coat, white vest and blue trousers; suit for a stroll, blue coat, black vest, blue trousers; on the veranda, black coat, blue vest and white trousers, etc.

"Now, how long do you think this young man can stay at the watering place and never commit the social desecration of appearing twice in the same outfit?

"Give it up?

"Well, just eighty-one days. He has nine pieces in his wardrobe, and each piece is capable of nine distinct combinations or eighty-one changes in all.

"Not so bad, is it? Let our impecunious young men stick a pin where it will do the most good. With these suits of clothes a young swell can be a joy and delight to his friends for nearly three long months, a period almost coincident with the whole summer—and no two days alike!"—Detroit Free Press.

Blew Up the Iron Gates.

A German syndicate has recently been engaged in preparing to undertake the clearing of the Danube waterway by blowing up the iron gates. By international agreement it was settled at the time of the treaty of Berlin that when the time came Servia should give up the quarries on the banks to whatever company was charged with the work at a nominal valuation. Several hundreds of thousands of cubic meters of stone are needed in order safely to divert the course of the stream during mining and blasting operations.

Upon arriving at Belgrade, however, the German representative found that the government had anticipated him by hastily putting up all the riparian quarries to auction in numerous small lots, and knocking them down to their radical friends. Consequently the company, instead of having to deal with the crown, finds itself face to face with a swarm of individual proprietors, each of whose claims will have to be settled separately. It is believed that the strongest representations will be made to quash the recent auctions, and the company will probably be backed by most European representatives. Cor. London Standard.

The "Honest" Georgian.

A Georgia man tumbled out of a boat in a river near his home in sight of frenzied friends and disappeared. A body was found in the stream a few weeks later which was identified as his by his family and twenty-seven acquaintances. But the life company in which he was insured felt compelled to withhold payment for a while, and was sued for the amount. Judgment would have gone against the company sure had not the "drowned" man walked into court alive and told how he had dived under the boat, hidden in the bushes on the other side, rifled a grave a few days later for a corpse, which he rigged out with his own clothes and dumped into the water. But his conscience and evident pride in letting his neighbors see the size of the joke he had gotten on them were too much for his cupidity, and he gave the whole snap away. —New York Tribune.

E. J. EDWARDS.

A Trotter's Wild Break.

A strange and exciting runaway of a horse through a Penn street business place occurred at Reading, Pa. Charles W. Bechtel owned a \$600 spirited trotter, which was standing in front of his clothing house, hitched to a trotting buggy. The animal shied at a bicycle and dashed on the pavement. He dashed into De Witt & Hillegar's leaf tobacco warehouse, a building 200 feet long. He entered by the front door while the place was crowded, and made a mad break for the rear. About the middle of the building he tore loose from the vehicle, cleared an elevator shaft twenty-two feet wide and dashed through the rear door into the street below, a distance of some twenty feet. His progress was only stopped by striking a brick house on the opposite side of the street, crushing in a wall. The animal died three hours later.

Baltimore American.

Biographies Not Examined.

A Davenport paper bears the assertion from Dover, Del., to The Baltimore American says: "A drive through what ought to be the center of the peach belt—lower Kent and upper Sussex counties—will convince any one that the much abused peach fair of this peninsula will have no chance this season, for the reason that there are no peaches to lie about." There are miles and miles of thrifty looking peach orchards wholly destitute of fruit. The buds were killed by cold, sleety rains in the spring.

—N. Peaches This Year.

A letter from Dover, Del., to The Baltimore American says: "A drive through what ought to be the center of the peach belt—lower Kent and upper Sussex counties—will convince any one that the much abused peach fair of this peninsula will have no chance this season, for the reason that there are no peaches to lie about."

The scene was truly pathetic. The two sat with arms around each other until the ferry was reached. The self appointed guardian slunk away and disappeared in the throng. Every passenger in the car was rejoiced at his discomfiture.

B. G. W.

What greater thing is there for two human souls than to feel that they are joined for life—to strengthen each other in all labor, to rest on each other in all sorrow, to minister to each other in all pain, to be with each in silent, unspeakable moments at the moment of the last parting?

FLORENCE FINCH KELLY.

Medical Nomenclature.

Judge, jury, lawyers and spectators were treated to an exhibition of professional priggishness in division No. 3 of the circuit court the other afternoon that was decidedly refreshing. The case of H. G. Bouham against the Kansas City Railway company was on trial before Judge Slover. The case is one for \$30,000 damages for injuries sustained in an accident, and considerable medical testimony had to be taken.

A young doctor was put on the stand who was determined to display his learning, and he was successful. When he started off he did so with the easy gait of one who feels he has the nomenclature of his profession at his tongue's end, for every sentence he uttered was so mixed with technical terms that an ordinary person could scarcely understand him. When he took the witness stand he glanced patronizingly at the jury and the rest in the court room, and in answer to the first question rattled off a lot of medical terms that drew the attention of every one in the room. Judge Slover looked at him a moment and then said:

"Use plain English, doctor; I know you can if you try."

The witness looked around and said:

"Yes, sir; certainly, sir."

"Now, doctor, where did you say Mr. Bouham was injured?"

"On the posterior portion."

"Speak plainly, doctor," admonished the court.

"No doubt of it."

"Well, I wouldn't o' believed it if I hadn't read it with my own eyes. I see a foot—about half a foot," and he thought over it for awhile.

"Say, he want on, 'do you know those people down there?'"

"No."

"They're from New York. They just moved in. You don't know 'em!"

"Not yet."

"They're neighbors of yours. You New Yorkers ain't very sociable, are you?"

"Perhaps not."

"Those people there will be leavin', I guess, with a lot of bills behind 'em."

"That's too bad."

"I don't suppose you want to tell me?"

"Oh, it doesn't make any difference."

"But I guess you ain't goin' to tell me?"

"You are quite right this time."

"I see you've got some berries out there. Would you like to have me peddle 'em? No! I thought you might. They're worth fifteen cents a quart."

"Never mind."

"Say, that's a cigarette, ain't it?"

"It was once."

"It is now, ain't it?"

"It is the end of one."

"I don't suppose you'd care if I picked it up, would you?"

"Not at all."

"I don't suppose you've got a match, have you?"

"Oh, yes; several of them."

"You wouldn't thank

PAINTS! PANTS!

They have arrived in great quantities. The styles are beautiful and can not help but please the eye. Heavy-weights and middle-weights, stripes, plaids, etc., with prices ranging from 90c to \$7.50. A full assortment of Children's Suits, in all sizes from 4 years up to 14. The prices are in proportion, and you will find them well sewed and made---the essential qualities in a child's suit. All goods are marked in plain figures and that is strictly the price.

SAM OPPENHEIMER,
BENNETT BUILDING.

COAL!

AT LOW PRICES
L.B. GURLEY'S.
OFFICE, NORTH OF JAIL.
TELEPHONE, NO. 67.

FOR RENT—Three nice rooms in second-story flat block. Possession immediate. [237-4f] L. FITE.

FOR RENT—A four-room house, No. 1122 north East street; rent cheap. Apply to James Molloy.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms, central location. Price \$10 per month. [237-4f] J. G. LEFFLER, Grocer.

FOR RENT—New house of six rooms, on east South street, for \$10 per month. Inquire of J. E. Rhoads, at shoe store.

FOR RENT—Room, furnished or not, in dwelling on south East street. Apply to Mrs. Margaret Schultz. [230-4f] 308 south East street.

FOR SALE—Good, gentle horse, can be driven by any lady; will sell cheap. Inquire at residence of Dr. Mincer, 281 Silver street. [218-4f]

LOST—On or about May 16th, in Marion, L. O., a note for two hundred dollars, made by L. V. McRae, of Collins, O., in favor of L. G. Romick. The finder will please return the same to Isaiah Unsworth, of Marion.

LOST—A bundle containing black suit of clothes, shirt, necktie and collar. Clothes have been worn and in pocket letters addressed to Jesse H. Beabout. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at this office.

WANTED—Girl to do housework; German preferred. Nose but good one need apply. Call on Mrs. G. Leffler, on Greenwood street. [234-4f]

WANTED—Two boys to work on new business. Work light and very interesting. Must leave town. Good pay and expenses. 18 to 20 years old preferred. Nose but boys of good appearance, genuine hustlers and of good families need apply. P. O. Box 48. [234-4f]

Cunningham, the plumber.

Fresh fish at Jeff Osborne's.

Bring your work to the Marion Steam Laundry. 205ft.

Order your screen doors at Prendergasts, now and save money. 140ft.

Watermelons on ice at Jeff Osborne's market, north Main street.

Don't fail to try Chase & Sanborn's tea. NELSON & SOY, Agents.

Fresh watermelons on ice.

224-4f MOORE & DEDRICK.

The Odd Fellows will work the initiatory degree next Monday evening.

Nearly all goods in the grocery line are advancing, but Nelson's Cash Grocery is selling at old prices.

Fancy French prunes and new evaporated apricots.

MOORE & DEDRICK.

The Crestline Advocate pauses to remark: "The Marion Weekly Star continues to shine brighter with each issue."

That tired feeling now so often heard of, is entirely overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives mental and bodily strength.

A new semaphore has been placed at the junction by the Erie. It is to be used as a signal for orders or a clear track for that road.

See Prendergast at once if you wish to buy your winter's supply of hard or soft coal. Their prices are extremely low. 183-4f

Base Ball Bats

—AND—

Masks and Gloves!

ON BALANCE OF STOCK OF

CROQUET SETS!

Very Low Prices. Complete Sets for \$5.

C.G. WIANT

THE ADVENTISTS' CAMP.

More Arrivals and a Busy Day—Preparations for the Sabbath.

Everything appears to be going off nicely at the Adventist camp ground, located just east of the city. Each train brings additional arrivals to this annual state meeting of a rather peculiar but interesting people. Still more are expected today. Although the regular meeting of the encampment will not begin until next week, Tuesday, meetings are being held quite regularly already. The meeting in progress at present is styled a workers' meeting, and between the preliminary meetings everybody is busy preparing the ground and arranging things for the camp meeting proper. A sufficient number of delegates from the various churches throughout the state had, however, arrived, so that a session of the conference was called this forenoon at 9 o'clock, and some business transacted. A more complete account of this and other meetings that may be held during the day and evening will appear in tomorrow's issue, together with a cut of the entire encampment. Today is "Preparation day" with the Adventists, which means that tomorrow they observe as the Sabbath. Of their services, doctrines, methods of work, and peculiarities of belief the Star will have full reports as the meeting progresses.

FRANK KIRCHNER DEAD.

At the Age of Seventeen Years the Much-Loved Young Man Passed from Life.

Frank Kirchner, the son of M. Kirchner, the grocer, died at the home of his father, on north West street, Thursday afternoon, at the age of 17 years. He had been sick about a week with typhoid fever, and the disease took a dangerous turn within the last day or two, and death resulted from hemorrhage of the lungs.

Death comes particularly sad to the parents and friends of one so young, just in the flush of youth and ambition, when bright hopes for his future were sustained in the hearts of those who loved him. Frank was a pleasant young gentleman, a particular favorite among his associates, and very much respected by those who come in daily contact with him. He held the position of assistant cashier at Fahey's bank and his character for integrity and industry was fully established in the confidence of his employer.

He had not as yet completed his schooling, it is understood, and was a student of St. Mary's Catholic schools, among whose scholars he was one of the brightest and most beloved. The church also loses a young but ardent adherent in his death.

The funeral is announced to take place at 2 o'clock p.m. on Sunday.

Real Estate Transfers.

Jesse S. Geddis to Henry Billell, lot 33 in Three Locusts, \$13.13.

Jesse S. Geddis to Edward Billell, lot 32 in Three Locusts, \$16.

J. Concklin to Euclid C. Covert, 270 in Salt Rock tp., \$15,000.

Henry Strauser and others to Margaret J. Grubb, 6 1/4 acres in Montgomery tp., \$1.

George J. Bippus to Emily C. Mayfield, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6 in Clifton, \$40.

Margaret Hoffman to Peter Versoii, 3 1/4 acres in Big Island tp., \$500.

John Concklin to Euclid C. Covert, 20 1/2 acres in Marion tp., \$2000.

Elmer J. Stanley to John Hanley, 1 1/2 acres in Caledonia, \$200.

David Seckel to John Hanley, 5 acres in Caledonia corporation, \$800.

C. C. P. Ruth to Augustine Moser, 20 acres in Richland tp., \$1000.

John Wheeler to Noah and Belle Gait, lot 186 in Prospect, \$75.

Charlotte Smith to Levi Wotring, lot 224 in Prospect, \$1400.

J. D. and J. B. Guthery to David Williams, 1/2 acre in Marion corporation, \$4000.

W. W. Concklin, by Jonas Concklin, to Euclid C. Covert, lot 234 in Marion, \$2680.

Louvina Krause to John Foster, lot 103 in Marion, \$125.

C. W. Leffler to Joseph Schneider, lot 1222 in Marion, \$450.

M. B. Chase to Samuel Crossen, lot 862 in Marion, \$4000.

The Greatest Good to the Greatest Number. [Lafayette Ind. Journal]

It has been acknowledged that thoughtful men and women derive great benefit from the practical experience of others. This is certainly true, inasmuch as people of nice tastes, battling with a limited income, must possess a strong vein of practical common sense, which, in cases of emergency, predominates, and insures a conservatism of action in providing for those of their own household. It is in such homes, and among this class of people, we discover that which results in "the greatest good to the greatest number," viz: Dr. Humphreys' Manual and Family Specifics. There being no large bank account, with which to liquidate a doctor's long bill for winter's attendance, the mother and house-keeper feels it incumbent upon her to become in a measure—and hundreds of times with the most marvelous success—not only her own physician, but that the politicians seem to be unaware that in November the decennial state board of equalization are to be elected. Section 201 of the revised statutes says:

"The state board of equalization shall consist of as many members as compose the state senate chosen at the last previous election of members of the general assembly, and representing the same districts, all of whom shall have the qualification of electors."

Accordingly, there will be thirty-six members of the state board of equalization to elect.

Hamilton county will have

three to elect. The salary is five dollars a day for about five months.

The board must meet on the second Tuesday in December.

—Says Monday's Commercial Gazette: "Not only the public generally, but the politicians seem to be unaware that in November the decennial state board of equalization are to be elected. Section 201 of the revised statutes says:

"The state board of equalization shall consist of as many members as compose the state senate chosen at the last previous election of members of the general assembly, and representing the same districts, all of whom shall have the qualification of electors."

Accordingly, there will be thirty-six members of the state board of equalization to elect.

Hamilton county will have

three to elect. The salary is five dollars a day for about five months.

The board must meet on the second Tuesday in December.

—Mrs. Turney received a message

Thursday that her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Moses, of Topeka, Kansas, was dan-

gerously ill, and she started for that place Thursday evening.

—The Misses Stokes, who have been

the guests of the Misses Hale, have

gone to Bellefontaine to spend a month.

They will stop at Marion on their re-

turn East, in September.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Fair weather; warmer; southerly winds.

FALL DRESS GOODS!

Every lady knows that there are advantages in selecting

a dress early, in getting first choice. Many imported novelties can not be found later in the season. We are opening dress goods almost daily. Our buyer is now in New York securing the newest and most desirable goods in the market. JUST OPENED, an immense line of French serges and camel's hair at popular prices.

Warner & Edwards

BARGAINS
IN REMANTS OF
DRESS GOODS
OF ALL KINDS.

Gingham,
White Goods,
Flouncings,
Crashes,
ALSO IN

Muslins and Table Linens,
In fact every remnant in our store will be placed on the counter and sold regardless of cost.

D.A. FRANK & CO., Masonic Block.

Veterinary Surgeon

H. L. BONNER,

MEMBER OF THE

Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons,

Has Permanently Located in

MARION, O.

And Treats Diseases of all Domestic Animals. Can be found at H. C. Hoberman & Co.'s drug store or at Kerr House 4-triway.

H. M. AULT'S

Fire and Tornado

INSURANCE AGENCY!

SIR WALTER!

This Elegant CIGAR is sold by
ODAFFER & HINDS,
DRUGGISTS.

Center Street, — Opp. Court House.

IT BEARS ACQUAINTANCE!

INTRODUCE YOUR FRIENDS!

PENSIONS!

THE NEW LAW pensions nearly all Soldiers, Sailors, Widows, Orphans under 16 or helpless, and Dependent Parents. Increases to many drawing under \$12. Our agent for Marion county is

W. G. CRISWELL, ESQ.
With W. Z. DAVIS, Attorney, Marion. Will be pleased to see you and will tell you whether you are entitled and make out your claim FREE. You may be entitled and not know it! Apply at once, as the earlier you do so the more money you'll get.

FORSYTHE & BRICE. Cincinnati, O.
23 Linton Bldg.

PLUMBING,

PLUMBING,

PLUMBING, PLUMBING!

None but Experienced Workmen.
All Work Guaranteed.

VAUGHAN & ALLEN,

170-4f 230 NORTH MAIN STREET.

COAL!

COAL!

Buy your Coal at once from

PRENDERGASTS

And save Twenty-five Per Cent.

COAL!

COAL!

Williams & Leffler,

LEADING MERCHANT TAILORS!

—ARE NOW SHOWING THEIR

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!

PRICES REASONABLE.

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Don't Contract for Your Supply of

HARD OR SOFT COAL

Until you see DeWOLFE. He has the NICEST COAL ever brought to Marion, and will sell as cheap as the cheapest to good paying customers. DEAD BEATS NOT WANTED.